



Policymakers must not forget how vital chemicals are to the supply chain when it comes to making the things America can't live without. New proposed restrictions from the Biden Administration, however, could limit access to and the cost of essential products, harm the U.S. economy, and jeopardize American competitiveness in the global market.

What Nevadans believe about regulatory overreach on the chemical sector:

- **Majorities of Nevada adults** surveyed agree expanded restrictions on the U.S. chemical sector could result in several unintended consequences, including hindering state-wide infrastructure upgrades (65%), increased renewable energy costs (64%), and disincentivizing electric vehicle purchases (64%).

- **Most Nevadans** express concern about one or more of the projected outcomes of additional EPA chemical regulations, particularly the potential impact on renewable energy production and costs (74% concerned).

- **83% of Nevadans**, including 78% of Democrats, agree that with high inflation causing financial strife for families across the U.S., now is not the time for new federal restrictions that could increase the cost of goods like vehicles, homes, consumer electronics, and household products.

- **77% of Nevadans**, including 71% of Democrats, are concerned about the potential impact of increased restrictions on the U.S. chemical sector on local economies who depend on it for jobs and economic activity.

- **70% of Nevadans**, including 63% of Democrats, agree that new laws and restrictions on the chemical sector should not come at the expense of the United States' competitiveness in the global economy.

- **78% of Nevadans**, including 68% of Democrats, agree that the Biden Administration should review additional restrictions proposed by agencies like the EPA more carefully.

- **70% of Nevadans** agree that the EPA should do more to ensure that the restrictions they impose don't harm the U.S. economy.

 - **More than half of Nevadans** agree that the EPA imposes an excessive number of restrictions (51%), and that the EPA reaches beyond its regulatory authority (58%).

 - **Nevadans agree** that regulatory overload is harmful to:
 - The affordability of products, including medicine, for American families (74%)
 - The U.S. Economy (72%)
 - U.S. Energy Production (71%)
 - The amount of good produced in the U.S. (71%)
 - Technical Innovation in the U.S., including renewable energy (67%)
 - U.S. economic edge against countries like China and Russia (65%)
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This poll was conducted between August 11–August 15, 2023, among a sample of 201 Nevada Adults. The interviews were conducted online. Results from the full survey have a margin of error of plus or minus 7 percentage points.

Survey conducted by Morning Consult on behalf of ACC

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